The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. V. QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1890. No. 21.

Business Directory.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N.W.T.

QU'APPELLE.

WM. SMITH, Advocate, Notary Public, Collections and Real Estate Agent.

J. F GUERIN, L.D.S., Dental Surgeon, Main street.

S. H. CASWELL, General Merchant.

J. A. COWAN, General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle Stn.

H. A. AXFORD, Agent for Massey Manufacturing Co. Complete farmers outfits always on hand.

JAGGER & DAVIES, Agents for Pianos, Organs and anything in the music line

A. C. PATERSON, Forwarder & General Agent.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

J. C. PRICE, Carriage and Wagon Maker.

W. H. BELL, Wholesale and Retail Butcher. Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meat, Sausage, etc.

LEESON & SCOTT, Prince Albert Mail Stage line leaves Qu'Appelle every Tuesday morning.

G. M. BAILEY, Boot and Shoe repairing promptly executed on the premises formerly known as the McManus hotel.

E. J. WEIDMAN, Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.

MONEY TO LOAN ON Improved Farms or Town Property, AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST. E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle.

R. DUNDAS STRONG, B. A., LATE OF SUPREME COURT, ENGLAND. NOTARY PUBLIC, Advocate for North West Territories, Solicitor, &c.

Money to Lend. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance effected. QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

W. SYME REDPATH, ADVOCATE, NOTARY PUBLIC, Issuer of Marriage Licenses AND INSURANCE AGENT. Box 42. QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S., DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. QU'APPELLE STATION.

G. S. DAVIDSON, LICENSED AUCTIONEER For the North-West Territories. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my Office, or at the Progress Office. QU'APPELLE.

J. B. ROBINSON Contractor, Builder, ETC., ETC. QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.

W. D. McFarlane, QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., Contractor in Plastering, Bricklaying & Mason Work.

Estimates Furnished on Short Notice. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

The patronage of the public solicited.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN, Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of Harness & Saddlery WHIPS, CURRY COMBS, HORSE BRUSHES, BELLS, BLANKETS, SPURS, TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Farm Lands

Excellent Facilities.

JAS. BROWN & SON SUCCESSORS TO FRANK MARWOOD, General Blacksmiths —AND— CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS QU'APPELLE.

A trial solicited from parties having lame or interfering horses. Plow Shares made to order and satisfaction guaranteed. Repairs of all kinds of wood work promptly attended to. WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

G. H. V. BULYEA QU'APPELLE, Insurance & General Agent. DEALER IN FURNITURE, *Flour & Feed, Etc.*

Agent for the Celebrated Doherty Organ In stock, a full line of Coffins & Caskets.

P. E. DURST QU'APPELLE, *Watchmaker & Jeweler,* DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, DIAMONDS, SPECTACLES, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Particular attention paid to Repairing all kinds of Fine Watches. Orders by Mail or Stage promptly Attended to. W. E. INGRAHAM, Manager.

NEW BAKERY A. McKenzie, QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS! CONFECTIONERY, &c., *Constantly on hand.* Birthday and Bride's Cakes A SPECIALTY.

R. JOHNSTON, QU'APPELLE, ASSIN. DEALER IN Agricultural Implements, Barbed Wire, Buggies, Buckboards & Wagons

LIVERY, Feed and Sale Stable *First Class Rigs.* Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

J. McEWEN, General Blacksmith. Carriage & Wagon Builder.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

ALL kinds of Job Work strictly attended to. Plow shares made to order and guaranteed to work. A large quantity of

IRON AND COAL KEPT ON HAND FOR SALE.

Carriage springs, axles and thimble skeins for wagons.

NEW NOVELS RECEIVED Every Week. QU'APPELLE MEDICAL HALL

The North-West.

News Culled for The Progress by our own correspondents.

INDIAN HEAD.

—A meeting of the Municipal Council was held on Saturday. There was a full attendance of councillors. The by-law to purchase seed grain for needy settlers was submitted but was thrown out after its second reading.

A by-law was passed appointing a health officer for the municipality.

The clerk was authorized to post notices at the various post offices in the municipality calling the attention of the path masters to watch the bridges and dams during the spring freshets and take necessary steps for their safety.

A committee was appointed to purchase poison for gophers, should the amount given to the Agricultural Society by the Assembly not prove sufficient.

WOLSELEY.

—Hon. Senator Perley is expected home in a few days on a visit.

—Mr. Jas. Grant is slowly improving from the effects of la grippe, followed by partial paralysis.

—Mr. W. M. Jamieson has built a new house on his farm and expects to move there this week.

—Mr. John Casson has returned from a visit to Toronto, and has again taken up his residence at the Wolseley House.

—A young gentleman has lately come to reside at the station with Mr. M. Robson. Whether he will be a homesteader or a railroad man will be decided later.

—Mr. J. K. McGinnis, of Moosomin, has been engaged as teacher of Wolseley Public School. He is a first-class teacher, with a first-class certificate, and will be a valuable acquisition to our population.

—On Saturday morning Mr. S. Barber, who went east a few weeks ago, returned accompanied by his bride and his father, and Mother with the remainder of the family. They evidently intend becoming permanent settlers as their stock and effects comprising, four car-loads arrived Monday evening.

GRENFELL.

—Surely the dearth has not been as great round Grenfell and elsewhere as reported. Several farmers now for two or three weeks have been busy shipping grain from this place.

—The Depository of the Upper Canada Bible Society is now fully established for the use of the people of Grenfell and vicinity. All anxious to buy cheap Bibles will find it in Mr. W. Hood's store.

—Mr. J. Large, living in the valley north of here, who was kicked by one of his horses over five months ago, the result being a broken leg above the knee, is still lying in his afflicted condition on account of the bone not knitting. He intends now having it amputated, but on account of him being 74 years of age and lying for such a length of time in the one position amputation will be almost unbearable though he has a fine constitution. He and his family have the sympathy of the community.

—A few friends last week visited the home of Mr. Albert Switzer, a farmer in this neighborhood, but who is really a born inventor. He showed them the result of his winter's study in that line, and one of his inventions worthy of particular mention is a gopher trap. It is a small box containing some machinery, and as there is a door for the little animal to enter, being tempted by grain inside, the moment it places its foot on the trap door it sets the machinery in motion, the result of which is that the gopher is stabbed in the right side, then struck by a kind of hammer on the head, which sends him away from the machine, and as it is self-setting, the next moment it is ready to charge another or anything else in the way of birds, rats or mice.

MOOSE MOUNTAIN.

—G. H. Knowling has left here for the Souris valley.

—Ross Davis is visiting friends in Gowanwold and Winnipeg.

—Hewitt Bros. have had a very successful season in hunting and trapping.

—Lees Bros. intend embarking in the horse ranching industry, and have secured a number of valuable brood mares.

—Notwithstanding the general complaints as to dull times, there is a large number of teams in the village daily, and business men say that business is satisfactory.

—The Moose Mountain Amateur Opera company were well patronized at their entertainments in Wrangle Cove and Hornet's Nest last week, and the several performers acted their parts very creditably.

—The Literary Society is holding weekly meetings, and is flourishing because the expectations of its promoters and well wishers. The meetings are not only well attended but lively and interesting, music and debate, instructive and entertaining, and the evening has the happy complement and sympathetic of all.

Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam immediately relieves coughs, colds, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat and lungs.

REGINA.

—Mr. Jas. Brown, secretary of the board of education, held an "at home" Saturday afternoon at the Lansdowne Hotel.

—The Queen's Hotel has a new proprietor in Mr. Pipes Halliday, formerly sergeant in the N. W. M. police, and it is rumored that Cupid has been playing with the heart of the soldier and that the nuptial knot will soon be tied to himself and the former hostess for better or for worse.

—The Journal offered a prize medal for a curling competion by points and the contest commenced yesterday and was completed to-day. Alex. McDonald made the best score the first day, reaching 24, but to-day two tied his score and two passed it, Dr. Colton winning the medal with 29. The ice is in fair condition yet, excepting during the middle of the day, when water lies on the surface. The skating rink has been closed and the building is now partly torn down.

—Lacrosse promises to take the place of baseball in Regina this season. An enthusiastic meeting was held last evening and organization began. W. C. Hamilton was elected honorary president, and Dr. G. B. Colton president, with P. ——— secretary-treasurer. The town and field captains chosen were R. R. Ferguson and Geo. M. Webb. Regina and country adjacent possesses a number of old-time lacrosse men, some of whom played for years in the Toronto first twelves, and no doubt the game will be a success.

MEDICINE HAT.

—The Star coal mines have ceased operations for a time, pending the return of Mr John Lamb, who is at present in the east. Mr. Lamb is negotiating with capitalists to open and develop the mines more fully, and it is to be hoped he may succeed in his object.

—Spring has fairly commenced. The snow has about all disappeared before the balmy chinook winds which are now wafting here. The water in the Saskatchewan is beginning to rise, and in a very short time the amount of water in the river will be very great owing to the vast quantity of snow that has fallen this winter to the westward here.

—Ranche owners in this vicinity and in the Cypress Hills district have been very successful with their stock the past winter. The losses are placed at less than 10 per cent, which is an exceeding good showing.

—At a meeting of the Presbyterian church on the 12th inst. a unanimous call was extended to Rev. Mr. McLean, of Banff, to take charge of the pastorate here, rendered vacant by the death of Rev. James Herald. Mr. Herald was well and favorable known, and his demise has cast a gloom over the entire community.

CALGARY.

—Burglars were on the rampage again Thursday night, when the following business houses were entered: A. L. Cameron & Co's premises, Hardings & Riley, and Perry, the Criterion saloon and Sir Lister Kaye's butcher shop. Several other places were tried but entrance could not be effected. As on the preceding two nights the steamings were small, the largest being $20 from the Criterion saloon. The burglars are evidently just such thieves, as they do not tackle the safes. It is proposed to have special police sworn in, or have a detachment of the Mounted Police detailed for town duty. Chas. Boileau, alias French Charlie, who escaped from Policeman Barker, has not yet been captured. He pal John Barlow, surnamed "Liberty," a notorious tough, was to-day committed for trial at the next assizes by Magistrate Shelton.

—Dr. Lafferty, mayor of Calgary, W. F. Orr, Dr. Brett, and Rev. Leo Goetz, are now in Ottawa as a delegation from the Calgary district to press several matters on the attention of the Government. In the first instance they want a land subsidy for the Calgary, Athe ta and Montana Railway, for which the Dominion Government granted a charter last year. They are instructed to the Calgary Council to oppose the passage of the Hillow River Water Power bill now waiting to be passed by the Railway Committee, unless certain modifications are accepted. The Calgary Water Power bill was satisfactorily amended by the Senate. In the meantime the province as desired for the former bill are said to be injurious to Calgary and district. Then there is the matter in regard to the cemetery at Calgary. In connection to the delegation who waited on Mr. Dewdney and his deputy, Mr. Burgess, while in the west, both replied that that portion of the cemetery which had not been used could be disposed of so as to better lay out the grounds. The delegates wanted to press the Government to take an order in council for this purpose. They will also support petitions to the minister for bridges across the Elbow River and another at Sheep Creek, about 25 miles south of Calgary. In addition to these things, Mr. Orr has got a scheme for assisting emigration to the Northwest, which he wants to present to the government. On his way to the east he explained the proposed scheme to Lieutenant-Governor Royal, who accompanied him part of the way on the train, and both took favorable views of it, so much indeed so that he invited the delegation to meet him at Winnipeg, and report on the scheme, and get some ratings the great advantages the North-west has as an agricultural country. The scheme would be practical, and would be of each member of the Assembly, who could have every facility for letting these strangers inquire into the farming capabilities of the country. Dr. Brett has another matter which he wishes to present to the government. It is in regard to the sale of lands within the National Park at Banff. These lands were sold some time ago and now the government refuse to issue patents for their sale but will give buyers a twenty-one years' lease with the obnoxious clauses included. This the purchasers refuse to accept. Some, however, will take a lease under more favorable conditions.

REGINA PRESBYTERY.

A meeting of this Presbytery was held at Broadview on March 10th. There was a large attendance, Mr. Campbell presiding. Mr. Taylor reported that a call, signed by 99 members and connected in by 78 adherents, had issued from Knox Church, Regina, in favor of Rev. J. A. Carmichael, of Brooklyn, Ontario. Mr. Tay or was thanked, the call sustained and ordered to be transmitted to the Clerk of Whitby Presbytery, with guarantee and reasons urged for Mr. Carmichael's translation attached. Dr. Robertson and Mr. Taylor were commissioned to prosecute the call before Whitby Presbytery. No fees were read or intention to apply to the Assembly to receive Rev. Dr. Warren of Cumberland, Ontario, and Rev. T. F. Fullerton of New South Wales as ministers of this church. The deputation appointed to visit Broadview rendered a report, which was received. Application was made for a grant of 40 acres of land in the Carlyle district, to be used for Church purposes and the application was ordered to be sent to the Minister of the Interior with the signatures necessary. Mr. Perry and Mr. James Harvey of Indian Head were appointed additional members of the interim session of Grenfell. Representation from the congregation at Prince Albert was made in the form of two resolutions in regard to the resignation of Dr Jardine. The Presbytery decided to let the resignation lie on the table and ordered the documents to be forwarded to the Home Mission Committee along with minutes of Presbytery and a statement setting forth the circumstances of the case so far as the Presbytery is concerned. The Remit of the Assembly reducing the representation at the Assembly from 4 to 3 was approved. That in regard to the appointment of a General Secretary for Sunday Schools, and in regard to obligatory connect on with the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund were not approved. Mr. Douglas's name was placed on the roll and Mr. Fotheringham's retained. The name of Mr. John McKenzie, elder, was also placed on the roll, which was certified as correct. The following Commissioners to the assembly were appointed; Messrs. Bryden, Nicholl, Hugh McKay and James Douglas, ministers, with Messrs. Geo. Hay, E. H. Stonson, M. P., of Ottawa, Geo. Gillis, of Gananoque, John Charlton, M. P., of Lynedoch, elders. The Home Mission Committee recommended that Moose Jaw be put on the list of augmentation charges from the 1st April with a grant of $350; that ordained missionaries be asked for for Asameda and Saskatoon; that two new fields be occupied, viz: Pense and Hillborn, and that students be appointed to Lansdowne, Broadview, Colleston, Green Valley, Grenfell, Kinistino, Pense, Long Lake, Buffalo Lake, Touchwood and Wolseley. The recommendations were adopted and the convenor thanked, Mr. Robson was appointed to moderate in a call at Qu'Appelle Station as soon as the people are ready to proceed. Interesting reports from the various Presbyterial committees on Temperance, Sabbath Observance, State of Religion, Statistics and Finance and Sabbath Schools were given in. The reports were received, their recommendations adopted, the Convenors thanked and the reports ordered to be transmitted to the various Commissioners of Synod. The attention of the Presbytery was called by Mr. Ferry to the importance of Presbyterial visitation of congregations. Messrs. Taylor and Hamilton were appointed a committee to draft an overture to the Assembly, asking for leave to take Mr. A Matheson on trial for license and ordination, and the Commissioners of the Presbytery appointed to support the overture on the floor of the Assembly. Application was made and leave granted Moose Jaw congregation to apply to the Church and Manse Building Board for a loan to assist in erecting a manse. Arrangements for the induction of Mr. Carmichael, conditional on his acceptance of the call from Regina were made, and the Presbytery adjourned to meet at Moosomin on the second Tuesday in July next.

A TRIP TO MANITOBA.

Last year I went to Manitoba on the C. P. R. At Rat Portage I got sick, and at Winnipeg I was so weak I had to be assisted off the train. I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters, and after the first dose felt better. When I got to Boissevain I was as well as ever. The Bitters cure the bad effects of the surface water of the prairies.

DONALD MUSGO, Bobcaygeon, Ont.

Perry's seeds at the Qu'Appelle Medical Hall. Orders taken for any other kind, also for all kinds of house and garden plants.

JOSEPHINE JOTTINGS.

It is a privilege to recommend Hagyard's Yellow Oil. It is a sure cure for chapped hands, swellings, sore throat, croup, etc. MRS. GEO. WARD, Josephine P. O., Ont.

To cure croup, give 10 to 30 drops of Yellow Oil on sugar internally, and rub the throat and chest with the Oil. It is safe.

A LIFE RECORD.

"I had been troubled for about 35 years with lukewarm sour bile, cramp in it, and after using about three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I feel entirely relieved, and have not had an attack for two years."

JOSEPH JAMES, Maxwell, Ont.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday

At THE PROGRESS Printing Office; in the Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Prohibition First in Politics.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

	One week.	One month.	Three months.	One year.
One column	$7 00	$10 00	$20 00	$60 00
Half column	4 00	6 00	15 00	40 00
Quarter column	3 00	5 00	10 00	30 00
Three inches	2 00	4 00	8 00	25 00
Two inches	1 50	3 00	5 00	20 00

Business cards $1 00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if oftener $1 00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word.

The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price; $1.00 per annum, invariably in advance; single copies 5 cents.

A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1890.

IS IT AN ELECTION?

The telegraphic summary of the Bill introduced into the Senate at Ottawa to amend the Nortwest Territories Act says it "specifies the Lieutenant-Governor's powers in respect of elections until the Assembly otherwise provides.." The information contained in thsse words is no indication as to what those powers are to be, but judged in the light of events they might be taken to mean that the present Legislative Assembly may not meet again. Taking into consideration the deadlock between the Lieutenant-Governor and the Legislative Assembly at its first session, and the fact that he was under the necessity of selecting an Advisory Board from the minority of the Assembly, there are good reasons for believing that neither His Honor nor his new Council care to meet the present House again. The present Advisory Council is practically the same as the one in which the Assembly declared want of confidence by a vote of 13 to 8, and nothing has occurred to indicate a change in the sentiment of the members. Should the Legislature meet again, it is altogether likely one of their first acts would be a vote of want of confidence in the Council which now advises the Lieutenant-Governor, and another dead-lock would be the result. It is therefore a probable thing that His Honor will be given power to dissolve the Assembly and order a new election. This would bring on the campaign the coming summer. We will not be surprised when the full text of the new Bill is to hand if it places the tenure of the present House at the disposal of His Honor.

THE WESTERN WORLD.

The above is the name of a new monthly publication issued at Winnipeg in the interest of immigration. The first number just out is largely devoted to Winnipeg, though there is also considerable general information in it about Manitoba and the Northwest. The publishers state that in the succeeding numbers the various towns and villages between Lake Superior and the Pacific Coast will be taken up, one town being particularly dealt with in each number. Commencing with the second number a page will be devoted to each of the provinces of Manitoba and British Columbia, to the provisional districts of Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan, and to Northwestern Ontario, in which will be given facts tending to show the development going on. The number before us is very well printed and contains a large number of excellent illustrations. Acton Burrows is the editor and publisher, from whom copies may be had at 20 cents each or $2 a year.

—Don't forget that orders are taken at the Medical Hall for small fruits at prices away below those of last year.

OUR INDIANS.

In reply to a question from Sir Richard Cartwright, Mr. Dewdney said that in some partion of the territory there has been a decrease during the past few years in the Indian population. This occured specially in the western district among the Piegans and Blackfeet. In eleven of the reserves there had been an increase. He was glad to say the Indians were making very great progress. They are raising a great deal of their own food now. "For instance," he said, "at Fort Pelly, there are 673 Indians, and we only ration 338; at Birtle there are 557 Indians and we only ration 112; at Moose Mountain there are 303 Indians and we ration 283; at Crooked Lakes there are 809 Indians and we ration 500; and so on. In the Blackfeet country we have to ration almost every man, woman and child, for they are the most helpless and unprogressive of all the Indians. The ration varies from 8 1 10 ounces in the Touchwood Hills to 23¼ ounces in the Blackfeet country." The question of the presesvation of the whitefish was brought up by Mr. Watson, who said the Indians were fearful lest the lakes should be depleted of whitefish.

Mr Dewdney said: That matter has been bought to my attention by the officers of the department and also by the Lieutenant-Governor, who has taken great trouble to enquire into the matter, and has written me several reports, which I laid before the Department of Fisheries. They propose to send Mr. Bowie, who is in charge of the fisheries, at an early date to make specil enquiries into the matter. From what I hear, I believe the southern portion, especially, of the lakes have been depleted to a great extent, and I understand what a serious signification that has, because if we allow our lakes in Manitoba to be fished out, we shall have to feed all the Indians, of whom there are 8,000 to 10,000, the same as we do those in the Northwest. The fishermen are making a big fight, contending that there is no depletion in the catch, and that the Indians are perfectly satisfied, but I know that our inspector invariabley on his trips receives complaints from the Indians, and, therefore, I am taking special means to get at the truth.

—The C. P. R. Co.'s car with exhibits from the Northwest, comprising a collection of samples of all the cereals raised in Alberta, Manitoba, Assiniboia and British Columbia is now on exhibition in Ontario. The car is in charge of J. J. Haslett, who explains various points of interest concerning the Northwest and the advantages offered settlers in that part of the country. The exhibits are divided into four departments, viz: Exhibits from Alberta, Assiniboia, Manitoba and British Columbia. There are 100 samples in each department, all threshed grain being bottled and grain in the sheaf neatly bound and showing glowing white stalks, which to an experience farmer indicates that the climate during the season of growth had been remarkable favorable.

—The bill to amend the Territories act was introduced into the Senate by Hon. Mr. Abbott. The most important amendment to the act is the substitution of the following for the now famous clause 110, to increase the dual language clause: "Either the English or French language may be used by any person in the debates of the legislative assembly of the Territories, and in the proceedings before the courts, and both those languages shall be used in the records and journals of such assembly, and all ordinances made under this act shall be printed in both these languages, provided, however, that after the general election of the Legislative Assembly such assembly may by ordinance or otherwise regulate its proceedings and manner of recording and publishing the same." The bill proposes to define and describe the boundaries of the territories, which has not been done heretofore. It also provides for Lieut-Governor concerning the session of the assembly and specifies his powers in respect of elections until the assembly otherwise provides. The bill also clearly indicates the question upon which the assembly can legislate, subject, of course, to the powers given to the provincial legislatures under the B. N. A act not being exercised. Considerable changes are proposed to be made in judicial procedure, and the bill lays down that the assembly cannot make any alterations in the law regarding the granting of licences for the sale of intoxicating liquors until the people of the territories have passed upon it.

Immigration.

SENATOR LOUGHEED TALKS FOR MORE SETTLERS.

Hon Senator Lougheed of Calgary directed the attention of the Senate to the great advantages that would accrue to the entire Dominion through the adoption by the Dominion Government of a system of immigration calculated to speedily settle the vacant lands of Manitoba and the North-West Territories; and enquired what steps the Government intend to take towards the adoption of such a system? We select the following portions of his speech on this subject:

The Northwest Territories have not the same powers as the other provinces to deal with this question. The Territories have not the absolute control of the Federal fund and cannot divert any portion of it in this particular direction, except through the Federal Government. They furthermore have not the power to pledge the credit of the Territories in the same manner as the Provinces are to pledge the credit of their particular Province. It therefore becomes necessary that this course should be pursued by a representative from the Territories, so that the importance of this question might be brought before this honorable House. I would just observe in the first place that I justify my advocacy of this subject upon a couple of general principles which I think will be assented to by this honorable House. In the first place, to have a nation we must have population, and, in the second place, the importance or greatness of that nation depends upon the numerical strength of its population. It is unnecessary for me to say that the nations of other countries prove this fact. If we look at the nations of other continents the fact is patent of the correctness of the general proposition which I have laid down, that in proportion to the increase of population will be found the sum of the greatness of that nation and its national security; in proportion to the increase of population you will find a corresponding increase of all those elements which go to constitute national greatness; in proportion to the increase of population cities will grow, lands will be tilled and the nation will become prosperous; in proportion to the increase of population railways will be built, industries will spring up, established ones will be expanded, ships will be made to plough the ocean highway and capetal will vie with capital in opening up natural resources. In fact, new vitality will be given to the body politic by the adoption of such a scheme of emigration as I am about to advocate. I am aware that there has prevailed, up to the present time, a comparative indifference in the minds of the people of Canada, in regard to this very important subject. I am not going to say that one administration or another has been lax in its duty in regard to this very important matter. I think public opinion in eastern Canada is entirely to blame for the laxity or indifference which has prevailed up to the present time, in not urging the adopting of as vigorous an emigration policy as we find in other countries on this continent as well as Australia.

* * * * * * *

Many of the hon. gentlemen have no conception of the magnitude of the North West Territories and Manitoba. I find that in the four districts—Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Assiniboia—we have 250,000,000 acres of land, which would make 1,500,000 farms of 160 acres each. We have already 80,000,000 acres surveyed, which would make 500,000 farms of 160 acres each. What are we going to do with these immense possessions that we have in that country, unless some gigantic scheme, such as I have indicated, is instituted and carried into operation by our Government. Is that land to lie there unoccupied for a century to come? Are we to trust to voluntary emigration from Europe, without our putting forth some extended effort? At the present time there is no country on this continent, or elsewhere, that is called upon to the same extent as we are to put forth most vigorous efforts towards the accomplishment of this purpose. There can be no doubts as to the capabilities of Manitoba and the North-West Territories in the matter of agricultural land. It is considered the most fertile country upon the continent. It is traversed by the most magnificent rivers, clear as crystal. Our grasses are the most nutritious, both in their nature and in their quantity. We have most magnificent forests within easy reach of railway communication, enough to build homes for a whole nation if cut into lumber. In British Columbia, in the forests of the Rocky Mountains and in the northern districts of the North-West Territories, there is enough timber within easy reach of railway communication to meet all demands. That of British Columbia is the most magnificent timber to be found on this continent. In the matter of minerals, it is considered by all that our mineral wealth is equal to that of the United States. In the North-West Territories above we have a tract of land covering 300 miles in length and breadth, in which coal may be found cropping out at all points—coal enough to heat this continent for centuries to come, if only developed. Our mineral possessions in the precious and baser metals are of incalculable value, and only await the pick of the miner and the fire of the smelter. Now, just at this juncture I would anticipate an objection which is very often made by the people of eastern Canada as to the expenditure of money in the Northwest country. I know that there is a feeling prevalent among many in eastern Canada that they in times past have put their hands in their pockets and bought that country—paid for it, and paid for all improvements up to the present time, as well as for the administration of government there. For that we in the Northwest are profoundly thankful, we are profoundly grateful for the generosity of eastern Canada up to the present time. But I say that generosity should be carried immediately further than it is. I say it is the duty of every loyal Canadian—live he as far east as Cape Breton—to do all he can for the purpose of developing this magnificent Dominion of ours, irrespective of the locality where the dollar is spent. If that country is developed, every foot of land in Canada profits by it but I would venture the opinion that that country already has paid for the vast expenditure which has been incurred in connection with it. In the first place, the acquisition of that Territory made Confederation possible as it stands to-day. True, you had a form of Confederation in 1868, but you had not then acquired in that scheme British Columbia, Manitoba and the North-west Territories. It was not then possible to link the northern half of this great continent by bonds of steel from the Pacific to the Atlantic. I assert that the acquisition of that country—no matter what you paid for it—no matter what you are paying to-day for administration in it—has already been repaid long ago in making Confederation as it stands to-day the grand possibility which we have experienced. We contribute to the revenue the same as other citizens of Canada. We contribute the same amount per capita, as you do in the east.

HON. MR. MCINNES (B. C.)—More; a great deal more.

HON. MR. LOUGHEED—I am putting it on the lowest basis.

HON. MR. MCINNES (B. C.)—We pay nearly twice as much per capita.

HON. MR. LOUGHEED—I will leave my hon. friend from New Westminster to deal with the subject. If he can convince this House that we are paying five times as much it will make my case all the stronger. However, we pay as much at least per capita as you do in the eastern provinces. We are, therefore, not relying upon the support of the eastern provinces, but are contributing to the administration of government the same as they do. A great deal is said in different quarters at the present time as to the exodus to Dakota and Minnesota, and other States of the neighboring Republic. I think it must be obvious to every hon. gentleman present that there is some reason for that statement, but in a qualified sense. But the reason for that exodus has not, up to the present time, been placed on the right shoulders. I do not say that any one Administration is responsible; but I deny the fact that the policy pursued by any government up to the present time has been responsible for that fact, but it lies with the people of eastern Canada entirely. Public opinion up to the present time in the eastern Provinces has been asleep to this question. Your surplus population in eastern Canada in being crowded out naturally look for some country into which they can go to gratify their love for enterprise and their ambition, and hence their reason for emigrating to the Western States, where they find a new country with a development amazingly rapid. They find half a million of emigrants pouring into that country every year. They find themselves close to large centres of population and trade. It is not that they take exception to the administration of the Government in this country, because I say under the heavens there is no freer or grander system of Government than we have here. It is not that they take exception to the policy of governmental administration in this country, but for the simple reason that they find there a new country opening up speedily, where enterprise is budding forth in an incomparable manner, and where they imagine they can rise to positions of affluence more quickly than here. If we expended the same money, energy and enterprise in opening up our North-West we would not have hundreds of thousands of Canadians to-day contributing to the commerce, enterprise and prosperity of the United States, and purchasing in the New England States those articles which to-day they should be purchasing from Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces of Canada. I say it is entirely due to the lethargy of the people in eastern Canada, in not adopting a policy of opening up the Northwest, so that we should be placed in a position of equality with the Western States, which are going so rapidly developed.

—It was stated in these columns the other day that Mr. George R. Tingle, the recently appointed manager of the North American Commercial Company, reported to the United States Government a few years ago, when he was treasury agent in charge of the seal islands, that the number of seals visiting those islands was increasing in spite of the operations of the "poachers." A similar statement is now made by another gentleman, who is in a position to speak authoritatively on the subject. Mr. Delaney, who was formerly United States District Attorney at Milwaukee, but for three years past has been Collector of Customs for Alaska, was in St Paul the other day, and in an interview with a Pioneer Press reporter he said:—"From what I can learn I think that the number of seals is increasing annually instead of decreasing, as fur dealers endeavor to make us believe." We have been told that the United States has no idea of claiming that Behring Sea is a closed sea, but that its policy with regard to that body of water is based on the fact that there is imminent danger of the extinction of the fur seal by the "poachers." Now we have evidence, however, that this is not so. What becomes, then, of our neighbors' side of the Behring Sea question. —Mail.

It is estimated that the Mississippi is at present pouring its waters into the Gulf of Mexico at the rate of 1,300,000 cubic feet a second. Its level is much above that of any previous year. The more recent of other great floods on the Lower Mississippi took place in 1858, 1868, and 1874. In the latter year the water remained above the danger line on the levees for ninety days, and great crevasses occurred, an enormous amount of damage was done. The river must inevitably find a new channel before the lapse of many years. Its bed is constantly being filled with the earth brought down from the north in solution, and the people of the lower States cannot go on increasing the height of the levees forever. Some day New Orleans may wake up to find itself without any river, and with no further use for ice steamboats.

Put a hound in the presence of a deer and he springs at its throat, if he is a true blood hound. Put a Christian in the presence of sin and he springs at its throat if he is a true Christian. Nothing like that happens in Halifax to the sinners who are selling liquor as most of the springing is at the men who are trying hardest to rout the business out. —Voice.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is a medicine made from roots, barks and herbs, and is the best known remedy for dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness, and will cure all blood diseases from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

The Ottawa Branch of the Imperial Federation League in Canada, respectfully invites the attention of Canadians generally to this circular of inquiry.

The Imperial Federation League is an organized body, with many branches in the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa.

The following are its objects, viz.:—

1. To promote the discussion of means whereby the permanent unity of the British Empire may be maintained.

2. To further the development of the resources and promote the interchange of the products of the several parts of the Empire.

3. To resist any measures tending to disintegration.

It is not, as many suppose, one of the functions of the League to propound a new constitution for the British Empire. No scheme worthy of the name is possible, without consulting every interest involved, and no attempt should be made to formulate a scheme except by properly constituted authority, after obtaining the fullest information respecting the wants and wishes of the several communities concerned.

The duty of enquiry comes within the the sphere of the League, and it is felt that the Canadian Branches will do well by consultations and all proper means, to ascertain what is best for the Dominion.

The Ottawa Branch having resolved to take the initiative in a comprehensive movement of enquiry, with the view of eliciting information upon points respecting which much diversity of opinion may exist, has deemed proper to issue the following questions for the consideration of every thoughtful well-wisher of his country. Replies to these questions, or to any of them, addressed to the Secretary, undersigned, are respectfully invited from men of all classes.

QUESTIONS.

1. Is the existing political union between the United Kingdom, Canada and the other parts of the British Empire generally satisfactory?

2. Is it desirable that the union as it exists, or with modifications, should be perpetuated?

3. Is it probable that some re-arrangement of the relations between the Dominion and the rest of the Empire will be called for by circumstances in the near or distant future?

4. If it be probable that at no distant day modifications in these relations will become necessary, and may on some emergency become imminent, is it desirable, earnestly to consider the question in all its bearings, in order that any change may be established with wise deliberation?

5. In any re-organization of the Empire which may be necessitated by the progress of events, is it essential that every separate community under popular government should be consulted in a constitutional manner?

6. In any possible new relations between Canada and the other portions of the Empire, should all political rights now enjoyed be substantially maintained?

7. In a closer political union should Canadians equally with other British subjects elsewhere, have a voice in affairs which are of common concern to the whole Empire?

8. In what way should all British subjects have a voice in Imperial affairs? through their respective governments, of parliaments or otherwise?

9. If it be advisable, as some think, to establish an Imperial Council, or Senate or Upper House, or Central Body of some kind to deal with, and be supreme, in matters common to the whole Empire, should representation in such Central Body be in proportion to population, or to the amount contributed to common revenue? or on what principle should representation be based?

10. In such a union as that contemplated in questions 7, 8 and 9, in order to give to British subjects everywhere advantages not enjoyed by foreign countries, would it be desirable to adopt what has been termed "A British family trade policy"?

11. Would it be desirable to give in whole or in part, the advantages of the British family trade policy to foreign countries agreeing to reciprocal terms?

12. If British subjects in Canada and elsewhere (in the outer Empire) be placed on an equal footing with British subjects in the United Kingdom, so as to obtain equal benefits from expenditure for common purposes, should all bear some share and eventually a colonial wealth increase as a fair proportionate share in the expenditure?

13. Would it be advisable to raise the revenue for such expenditure (question 12) in the manner suggested by Mr. Jan. Henrick Hofmeyr, of Cape of Good Hope, at the Colonial Conference of 1888, by means of a small ad valorem duty, to be levied generally, and independently of existing tariffs, on goods entering any part of the Empire from foreign countries? or in what way should provision for the expenditure be made?

14. Referring to questions 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, and, would it be desirable that British subjects outside the United Kingdom should at once step across the line of rights and responsibilities contemplated, or that full citizenship should be assumed by degrees, according to the conditions and circumstances of each individual community?

It is not expected that every man who have not previously given their thoughts to the subjects involved, will be prepared at once to respond to one of the above questions; it is, however, hoped that many persons of all origins and occupations will view it in the light of a pious duty to answer such of the questions as they may have considered.

Replies to any of the above questions addressed to R. G. Code, 14 Metcalfe Street Ottawa, will be cordially received and duly acknowledged. Every person responding will be good enough to refer to the questions according to the numbers in the above list, they will further oblige by furnishing their full name, occupation and post office address.

ONE LITTLE PIGGIE.

I owned a litter of pigs. They throve well until a month old, when their throats swelled, and spite of all remedies they all died except one, which was nearly dead. Laughingly I said I would try Yellow Oil, and gave it a thorough application. It improved at once, and soon was all right

WILLIAM WINDSOR, Brantley, Ont

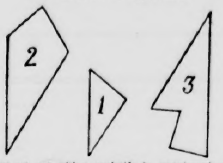
No. 728.—Enigma: A Little Fairy.

Within my walls of silver
A little fairy lives,
Whose presence in a household
Great joy and comfort gives.

She sows no tares of anger,
And ugly weeds that spoil,
But to sew tears in garments
She willingly will toil.

Now, name this useful fairy,
Her shining palace, too,
Her clever, nimble sisters,
Who all her bidding do.

No. 729.—A Cut Up Puzzle.



First cut out, with a penknife, in pasteboard or card,
The designs numbered one, two and three—
Four of each—after which, as the puzzle is hard,
You had better be guided by me
To a certain extent; for in fixing take care
That each portion is fitted in tight,
Or they will not produce such a neat little square
As they otherwise would if done right.

No. 730.—Beheadings Transposed.

Each word contains five letters. The beheaded letters form the name of a famous naturalist.

Behead an extensive mountain range, and transpose the remaining letters to make a word meaning the objects aimed at.

Behead imposing; transpose to make to mend.

Behead to diminish; transpose to make a stroke.

Behead to strike down; transpose to make opportunity.

Behead possessing flavor; transpose to make settled.

Behead a reflection; transpose to make a contest.

Behead an animal; transpose to make an animal.

No. 731.—A Charade.

My first, like a laggard, is always behind.
In the form of one thousand my second you'll find.
And yet, for my whole should you search the world round,
In the morning or evening, 'twill never be found.

No. 732.—A Rhyming Numerical Enigma.

1. A word in much demand, 'tis true,
Is this little word, 5, 1, 2.
2. A well known foreign plant you'll see,
If spelled by using 5, 2, 3.
3. This very morn I found alive
In my new trap a 4, 3, 5.
4. If you would hear a little more,
You must lend your 2, 3, 4.
5. "There is nothing new under the sun,"
Is said on 2, 3, 4, 5, 1.
6. Because my boy fell on the floor,
Fell many a 5, 2, 3, 4.
7. A statement 'gainst which none will strive,
All have a 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

No. 733.—A Riddle.

Back and down trodden is my line,
Yet you may not despise,
For surely I was made to shine
Before admiring eyes.
Of all my wanderings o'er the earth,
Though lightly you may talk,
Your understanding owns my worth
And blameless daily walk.

No. 734.—An Animal in Anagram.

I saw on the street a descendant of Ham,
Not ill o' disease, but "ill o' a dram,"
This anagram straightened you've seen, I suppose,
In pictures, and, mayhap, in animal shows;
And if you have seen it you've noticed the lack
Of even a semblance of fur on its back.

No. 735.—Enigmatical Fishes.

A substance used for polishing; to find fault; a beam of light; a register of persons; a weapon; a person easily cheated; a measure of length.

A Pastime for Winter Evenings.

The "Flour Merchant" is the name of one of the many conversational games that are so convenient for whiling away an evening by the fireside, because they are not noisy and require no special appliances.

One who personates the flour merchant will try in every way to dispose of his stock by asking questions of the others, who must in their answers be careful not to use the words "flour," "I," "yes" or "no." For instance, the merchant says:

"Any flour to-day?"
"There is none required."
"Let me persuade you to take some."
"That is impossible."
"Why so? It is excellent flour."
"You have my answer."
"Have I? Will you please repeat it?"
"My answer was 'Not any.'"
"But the price is reasonable."
"I will not take any."

The flour merchant, having succeeded in making her say "I," proceeds on his way.

At Christmas Tide.

Jack and Jill went down the hill,
To do their Christmas shopping;
It soon fell out that Jill did treat,
And Jack with rage was hopping.
For all their cash they spent for trash,
The treasures home they bore;
A Chinese vase, a pocket case,
And rugs and mats galore!

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 718.—Pi of the season:
December closes on the scene,
And what appear the months gone past?
Fragments of time which once have been!
Succeeding slowly, fled too fast!
Their minutes, hours, and days appear
Viewless in that small point, a year.
No. 720.—A Charade. Hollyhock.
No. 721.—Crossword Enigma: Maple Sugar.
No. 722.—Easy Transpositions: Stop—spot—pots—tops—post.
No. 723.—Mental Arithmetic: Three in 9, three times.
No. 724.—Riddle: A leaf.
No. 725.—How Is This? There were in the coach an old lady, one of her daughters with two daughters, another daughter with two sons, and the daughter of an absent daughter. Total, eight persons.
No. 726.—Numerical Enigma: A stitch in time saves nine.
No. 727.—Reverses: 1. Star, rats. 2. War, raw. 3. Ned, den. 4. Yam, may. 5. Pans, snap. 6. Reed, deer.

The Issue of the Day.

"Phyllis! Darling!"

There was a tremor in the full, rich, manly tones. He looked up with beseeching eyes, in which the faint suspicion of a tear glistened, at the fair, perfect type of all that could be lovely in woman that stood before him, and as he looked long, earnestly, intensely, his voice broke in a trembling treble.

Outside, on the brick-walled pave, could be heard the low, dull sog of the raindrops and the soft, plaintive gurgle of the organ grinder as he gyrated the crank for all there was in it, while the merry invitation of the man next door to "have another one 'ere we go home" broke upon his ears with a startling distinctness that made his tired head ache.

"Phyllis!"

"What is it, Clarence?" said the beautiful girl, turning the rare and dazzling loveliness of her face toward his, but there was no answering tremor in her voice. "Have you a pain? Perhaps a porous plaster or a pill"——

"Do you mock me still?" he cried, springing to his feet, while all the pent up agony that had twisted his internal economy with a gas plier twist tortured his features into an awful look of despair. "You know how madly, passionately, I love you. It is true, you are rich, and I"——

"Owe for your last week's board," came the cold, calm, matter of fact and business like reply.

"True, alas! too true. But it will not always be thus. I am young"——

"And callow," chirped in the maiden.

Not noticing the interruption he continued: "I will work, carve a name for myself, and paste it on each successive rung on the ladder of fame until wealth and position are mine. For you I"——

"Listen to me, Clarence Coughdrop"—and there was a cold, steady glitter in her eye—"I asked you a question last night—a simple everyday question that every schoolboy and schoolgirl in the land could have answered with their eyes shut—you stared at me in blank amaze. You remember it, do you not?"

"Yes," he faltered, "I remember. It was whether I favored the league or the brotherhood."

"And you told me—told me without the shadow of a jest, but in dead earnest—that you never heard of the league or brotherhood and did not know what they meant. Is it not so?"

Clarence bowed his head. He could not speak.

"And you expect me to marry you," continued the now thoroughly aroused woman. "You! A man who confesses himself actually ignorant of the existence of the league or brotherhood. You must think I'm a chump."

And they parted forever.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

The owl has no motion in the eye, the globe of which is immovably fixed in its socket by a strong elastic, hard, cartilaginous case, in the form of a truncated cone; but in order to compensate for this absence of motion in the eye, it is able to turn its head round in almost a complete circle without moving its body.

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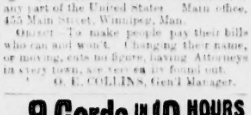

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Service every alternate Sunday evening at 15 o'clock.

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Service every alternate Sunday at 19.30 o'clock.

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Daily Morning and Evening prayer.
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Services every Sunday evening at 19 o'clock. Sunday School and Bible Class at 14:30 o'clock.

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QU'APPELLE

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EDGELEY.

Service every Sunday afternoon at 14:30 o'clock, (2:30 p.m.)

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Service every second Sunday in the month Mass at 10:30 o'clock. Evening service at 19 o'clock (7 p. m.)
Priest.—Rev. G. Montreuil.

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Regular meetings on the Tuesday before full moon, at 20 o'clock. J. A. Cowan, W. M.; Geo. Purches, Sec.

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James Weldman, Secretary-Treasurer.
Frank Marwood, Secretary Qu'Appelle Branch.

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For Fort Qu'Appelle, etc., close daily at 7 o'clock, and open for delivery at 18 o'clock.

For Prince Albert and points on the Saskatchewan, close every Tuesday at 19 and open for delivery every Tuesday at 8 o'clock.

The post office closes every evening at 19 o'clock; registered mail at 18:30, and money order department at 15 o'clock.

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for 1890 will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to last season's customers. It is better than ever. Every person using Garden, Flower or Field SEEDS should send for it.
D. M. FERRY & CO.
WINDSOR, ONT.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

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RAILWAY LINE.

EVERY MORNING at 9.45 the trains of the Great Northern Railway leave the C. P. R. Depot, Winnipeg for Grafton, Grand Forks, Great Falls, Helena and Butte, where close close connections are made for Spokane Falls, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco, Los Angles, San Diego and Pacific Coast points.

Also making close connections in St. Paul and Minneapolis in Union Depots with trains for Chicago, St. Louis, Des Moines, Kansas City, Omaha, Detroit, London, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Montreal, New York, Boston, Halifax and all points in Ontario or United States.

Lowest Rates. Quick Time. Sure Connections.

ELEGANT DINING & BUFFET CARS run on all trains. Send for complete Time Table, Rate Sheet, and Sailing List of Ocean Steamers.

Through Tickets to Liverpool, Glasgow, London and the Continent Agency for all steamship lines.

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General Agent, 376 Main St.
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BLOOD
BITTERS.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE.
DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
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Canadian Pacific Railway
—IS THE—
Short & Direct Line
TO THE EAST.

Through trains leave Winnipeg daily (except Thursday) at 18 o'clock, for Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Kingston, Ottawa, Portland, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, Boston, New York and all other points in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces and Eastern States.

No Change of Cars Between Winnipeg and Montreal.

At North Bay direct connection is made with trains of the Northern and Northwestern Railways for Toronto and all points in Western Ontario.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE
Between Winnipeg, Montreal
Toronto.

ELEGANT DINING CARS
attached to all through trains.

FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

When going east travel by this line and avoid unpleasant transfers and trouble in getting your baggage through the customs.

For tickets and information apply to C. P. R. city Ticket Office, 471 Main St., or at the Depot. GEO. H. CAMPBELL, Ticket Agent.
GEO. OLDS, Gen. Traffic Mgr. LUCIUS TUTTLE, Pass'r. Traffic Mgr.
JOHN KERR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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Order your Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Shrubs at the
Qu'Appelle Medical Hall.

THE ONLY PERFECT FENCE.

Twisted Wire Rope Selvage.
All widths and sizes. Sold by all dealers in 1890. Freight prepaid. Information free. Write
The ONTARIO WIRE FENCING CO.,
Patent Woven Wire Fencing Manufacturers,
Windsor, Ont., or Winnipeg, Man.
The B. Greening Wire Co., Jas. Cooper, Montreal. Montreal.
Carvell Bros., Charlottetown, P.E.I.
No rigid twists. Wire galvanized before weaving. Perfectly adjusted for extremes of cold and heat. A complete barrier against all animals. Not unlike Gravel.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
The Transcontinental Highway
Connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts.
Through Time Table East & West.

READ DOWN.	STATIONS.	READ UP.
Atl. Ex.		Pac. Ex.
7.00 p m	San Francisco, S.P.	7.45 a.m.
10.00	Portland, O., S.P.	6.30
3.00 pm	Tacoma, W.T.	10.00
5.00	Seattle, W.T.	2.00
A 3.00 De	VICTORIA	A 19.30 Ar.
13 00	VANCOUVER	14.25
13.10	New Westminster	14.22
19.22	North Bend	8.19
4.13	Kamloops	23.00
12.15	Glacier House	14.25
16.30	Donald	12.35
17.15	Golden	11.53
19.50	Field	10.06
22.25	BANFF HOT SPRINGS	6.45
23.15	Canmore	4.55
2.20	CALGARY	2.30
10.00	MEDICINE HAT	18.30
10.17	Dunmore	17.43
12.40	Maple Creek	15.23
16.45	Swift Current	11.30
21.54	Moose Jaw	6.25
23.35	REGINA	4.20
24.25	Balgonie	3.18
24.48	McLean	2.30
1.12	Qu'APPELLE	2.57
1.37	Indian Head	2.32
2.05	Sintaluta	2.05
2.30	Wolseley	1.38
2.50	Summerbury	1.18
3.10	Grenfell	24.57
4.05	BROADVIEW	24.15
4 43	Whitewood	23 27
5.20	Wapella	22.53
6.01	Moosomin	22.12
7.55	Virden	20.20
11.15	Brandon	18.01
12.16	Carberry	17.57
14.20	PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE	16.02
16.30 Ar	WINNIPEG	13.20 De.
A 9.45 am LV	WINNIPEG AR A	12.50 n'n
4.00 pm	Grand Forks	7.10 am
8.00	Fargo	3.35
3.20	DULUTH	8.00
6.15	MINNEAPOLIS	5.40 pm
6.55 AR	ST. PAUL LV	5.00
7.10	KANSAS CITY	9.50
7.30	ST. LOUIS	9.50
3.00 pm LV	St PAUL AR	1.50
7.00 am AR	CHICAGO LV	10.50 pm
F 17.30 LV	WINNIPEG	E 10.50 A
18.35	Selkirk East	11.00
23 25	Keewatin	5.20
G 24.01	Rat Portage	E 5.00
13.55	W. Fort William	15.20
G 14.30 AR	Pt. Arthur	14.30 De
3.30 pm	"	D 3.15
H 7.00 pm. LV	North Bay AR	C 8.35 am
B 4.30 am	Toronto	B 11.00 pm
9.04	Hamilton	" 6.55
11.20	Niagara Falls	4.35
2.15 pm	Wingham	2.15
12.00 noon	London	5.00
12.50 pm	St. Thomas	4.35
B 4.20 pm AR	Detroit LV	B 12.05 pm
H 6.30 pm LV	North Bay AR	C. 9.45 am
B 12.05 am	Pembroke	4.12
1.26 am	Renfew	2.50
3.00 am AR	Carlton Jct. LV	1.20 am
B 10.30 am LV	Prescott AR	B 1.50 pm
2.25 pm	Brockville	3.00
4.10 am	Ottawa	12.20 am
8.00 am	Montreal	8.40 pm
2.30 pm	Quebec	1.30
7.00 am	New York NYC	7.30
8.50 pm	Boston, B AND M	9.00 am
2.20 pm	St. John	3.00 pm
11.30 pm AR	Halifax LV	5.50 am
GOING S.W.		GOING N.E.

REFERENCES:

A, daily. B, daily except Sunday. C, daily except Monday. D, daily except Tuesday. E, daily except Wednesday. F, daily except Thursday. G, daily except Friday. H, Daily except Saturday.

Trains east of Brandon run on Central Standard time. Between Brandon and Donald on Mountain Standard time. West of Donald, Pacific Standard time.

CONNECTIONS.

Victoria.—Steamers for Puget Sound, Alaska, San Francisco and Southern California points.

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The Qu'Appelle Progress

IS A STRAIGHT

PROHIBITION PAPER,

Making the Cause of First Political Importance.

Only One Dollar a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1890.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—A few scattering wild geese have already been seen.

—Mrs. A. M. McLane is confined to her room by illness.

—They have already a number of spring lambs at St. John's College.

—Miss Gibson, who has been on a visit to Mrs. Sheriff Murphy at Moosomin, has returned home.

—The cattle are grazing on the knolls wherever the snow is thawed off, and like the old grass better than hay.

—Mr. W. Powell, of Woodstock, Ont., is a late arrival in this district. He is settling in the vicinity of this town.

—Elder A. Matheson will hold service in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours.

—Sheriff Murphy, of Moosomin was in town on Wednesday. His many old friends were pleased to see him once more.

—We have had more snow, a great deal of it melting as soon as it fell. When the snow is all gone the soil will be in splendid condition for the seed.

—R. W. Bro. J. Hewgill, D. D. G. M., of Moosomin was in town Wednesday. In the evening he officially visited Qu'Appelle Lodge, No 34, G. R. M., A. F. & A. M.

—Mr. H. Jagger is leaving Mr. Caswell's bank and the post office, and goes next week to his farm. Mr. W. B. Crosbie, late of Fort Qu'Appelle, takes his place.

—On Wednesday evening a number of our young people went out to a dancing party at the residence of Mr. Levi Shaw, about sixteen miles southwest of the town.

—Mrs. R. Turner last fall took a severe cold which affected her lungs, but was cured of that when partial paralysis of the lower limbs set in, which appeaps to resist the usual forms of treatment.

—Give the gophers an early and warm reception. Distribute your poisoned grain in their holes on their first appearance as they will then eat it the more readily, and not get a chance to multiply.

—We have received a copy of Henderson's Northwest Directory for 1890. It is a very neatly got up and accurately prepared work. The price is $2.00 each, and they may be ordered through this office or from the Henderson Directory Co., Winnipeg.

—Seed grain will be delivered here on Monday next, the 31st inst, to those whose applications were recommended by the Agricultural Society. Mr. Redpath, secretary of the Society, will make the delivery here. Applications for 4,000 bushels were recommended by the society.

—Rev Father Montreuil, who has had charge of the Roman Catholic Church here for some time, has been removed to Medicine Hat. His place has been taken here by Rev. Father Roy, late of Regina. Father Montreuil made many friends here both within and without the church, and they wish him success in his new field of labor.

—It has been said that those who were indebted to the Government for seed grain supplied in 1887, would not get seed this spring, but we are pleased to be able to state that such is not the case. If it was shown that the settler had the ground ready and had not the means to procure the seed, he will be supplied.

—The Methodist Sunday School will hold a quarterly review of the Sunday School lessons on Sunday, the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock. Parents and friends invited to attend.

—At the Leland: W. J. Palmer, L. C. McIntyre, Geo. Bennett, A. L. Johnson, Winnipeg; Alfred Scott, A. E. Lewis, H. B. Clarke, Toronto; Thomas Knight, Brandon; T. P. Wadsworth, L. C. Larkins, Battleford; J. A. Rooney, Jamestown Dakota; T. Hewgill, Moosomin; W. G. McMahon, Winnipeg.

—At the Queen's: G. P. Murray, Indian Head; A. C. Paterson, Qu'Appelle; C. R. Stovel, Prince Albert; L. Dawson, Regina; A. A. Nicholls, J. W. Brown and wife, D. Robinson and wife, John Nicholls, Wm. Scott, Albert Nicholls, Mrs. M. Nicholls, Lucknow; Rev. W. Nicholl, Broadview; G. B. Murphy, Moosomin; Mr. and Mrs. Ridsdale, Wm. Kirkland, Deep Lake; H. McMillan, R. C. Hickson, Winnipeg; G. G. Greer, Toronto; M. Brennan, Indian Head.

—Mr. A. C. Paterson, who has been east in the interest of immigration, returned on Monday last, and the following day sixteen emigrants and 3 carloads of effects arrived. Mr. Paterson states that quite a number signified their intention of paying us a visit during the coming season for the purpose of selecting for themselves new homes. On the whole Mr. Paterson has been fairly successful, and we hope that those whom he has persuaded to settle amongst us will have no cause to regret it.

WANTS TO KNOW.

To the editor of THE PROGRESS:

Sir:—Permit me to ask the following questions:

1st, Who is the Intelligence Officer at Qu'Appelle:

2nd, Is it a fact that strangers have applied to him for information as to homestead lands and have been informed that no such lands are available?

3rd, Is it true that this officer is agent for Land companies who have lands for sale?

4th, How much does he receive from the Government and what are his duties?

I ask the above questions, not in my own interest alone, but in the interests of the settlers, and I trust that they will be squarely answered. It is now time that this matter was being looked into. I purpose dealing with all the above questions at a future date.

Yours, etc. ENQUIRER.

—Order your small fruit and ornamental shrubs and trees at the Medical Hall.

QUICK RELIEF FOR HEADACHE.

Had suffered with headache, and tried everything I could think of without effect, until I used Burdock Blood Bitters, which relieved me right away, and I am now remarkable well.

ANNIE TORANGEAN, Glen Almond, Que.

MARKET PRICES.

Wheat, No. 1 hard, is 70c.
Oats, 50c to 55c.
Barley, 50c to 60c
Beef, live weight, 4c per lb.
Beef, dressed, 7c "
Pork, dressed; 8c "
Mutton dressed, 12½c "
Potatoes, $1.00 per bush
Cabbage, 4c per lb.
Butter, 15c " "
Eggs, 25c per dozen.
Chickens, 13c per lb.
Turkeys, 15c per lb.
Geese, 12½c per lb.

THE ALTAR.

MCLEOD.—FLEMING.— By the Rev. A. Campbell, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. James McLeod, of Wolseley, and Miss Kate, daughter of Mr. James Fleming, of Summerbury.

FOR SALE.

TWO TEAMS.

One team a horse and mare 6 years, weighing 1100 lbs. each.
One team geldings weighing 1250 lbs. each.
Would exchange in part or all for cattle.
L. W. MULHOLLAND.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

SEED GRAIN will be delivered at Qu'Appelle Station to those settlers whose applications have been approved by the Directors of the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society on Monday, the 31st day of March instant.

By Order, W. SYME REDPATH, Sec.-Treas.

TO FARMERS.

WANTED to buy for cash heavy draught mare about 1200 lbs, young and in foal, must be well broken in to farm work. Shall require written guarantee as to age, soundness, &c. Apply to E. H. Box 120, Qu'Appelle Station Or at Davenport Farm, 3½ miles east of town.

TEACHER WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED for Sunny South School District No. 161, N. W. T., for the balance of 1890. Duties to commence in April. Male teacher preferred, holding Second or Third Class Certificate. Applications received by

THOMAS DONNELLY, Trustee.
Indian Head, 7th March, 1890.

ASTRAY.

LOST from St. John's College herd, near the Halfway House in November a one red heifer 2 years old, minus one horn. Any person giving information that will lead to her recovery will be rewarded and expenses paid. Address

THE BROTHER SUPERIOR,
St. John's College,
Qu'Appelle.

March 24, 1890.

FOR SALE.

3 COWS, 1 AYRSHIRE BULL and 4 Steers. If sold in one lot, $3 each.
W. CHESTERFIELD,
Balgonie

TO RENT.

AFTER March 1st, the House and one acre of land at Qu'Appelle, the property of the undersigned. Also improved farm, forty acres cultivated and eight fenced, adjoining the town limits.

For particulars apply to
GEO. B. MURPHY,
Feb. 19, 1890. Moosomin, N. W. T.

SEED GRAIN.

NOTICE is hereby given that

It having been decided by the Government to ask Parliament for a small vote to supply seed grain to those settlers who are absolutely in need of it, and who have no means of obtaining it elsewhere, application should be made through the Agricultural Society of the district, to Mr. Angus McKay, Manager Government Experimental Farm, Indian Head, N. W. T.

No application from persons now indebted to the Government for previous advances of seed grain will be entertained.

A. M. BURGESS,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, February 20th, 1890.

SHERIFF'S SALE

Northwest Territories,

Judicial District of Western Assiniboia.

To Wit.

By virtue of a Writ of Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court of the North West Territories, Judicial District of Western Assiniboia, at the suit of S. H. Caswell, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of John W. Johnston and Thomas C. Gorrell, I have seized and taken into Execution all the right, title and interest of the said John W. Johnston to and in the following lands and tenements namely: The north half of the north west quarter of section thirty two (32) in township seventeen (17) in range thirteen (13) west of the second (2nd) principal meridian in the North West Territories, which said right, title and interest I shall offer for sale on SATURDAY, the 31st day of MAY, 1890, at my office in the Court House, in the town of Regina, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon.

JAMES H. BENSON, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office,
Regina, February 24, 1890.

CHILD'S,
VICK'S,
OR ANY OTHER GROWER'S
Seeds & Plants
Can be ordered at the Qu'Appelle Medical Hall.

S. H. COLLINS.
QU'APPELLE,
DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes!
AT
Any Price You Want Them
From $1 up to $10.
BOOTS MADE TO ORDER
TERMS CASH.
S. H. COLLINS.

Ocean Tickets to Europe
ALLAN, WHITE STAR,
DOMINION, CUNARD,
BEAVER, ANCHOR.
And all other Lines sailing from Halifax, Portland, Boston, New York and Baltimore, are on sale at C. P. Ry. stations at very low rates.
Ask for sailing lists and rates of fare.
Good advantages secured by taking ocean tickets from your local agent.
Extra savings offered by taking round trip tickets.
Berths on any steamer engaged without other notice.
Prepaid passages arranged from any point in Europe.
Apply to your local agent, or to
E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle.
Or to ROBERT KERR,
General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

A VERY [illegible]!
Boots and Shoes,
Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
A full and very complete Stock always on hand.
J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
QU'APPELLE.

THE LELAND HOUSE.
Qu'Appelle, A[illegible]

The Canada North-West Land Co.
(LIMITED.)
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SELECTED FARM LANDS
In Manitoba and the North-West Territories,
Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line.
A large proportion of this Company's Lands are in thickly settled Districts.
For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the office of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 181 Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.
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MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.
THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE
Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway Between Brandon and Calgary
W. B. SCARTH, Trustee

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Insurance Agent,
AND DEALER IN
Hard & Soft Coal,
BRICK,
LUMBER,
SASH,
DOORS,
BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.
All description of seasoned British Columbia Lumber in Stock.

J. G. McKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor
QU'APPELLE STATION.
Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.
TERMS CASH.

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The Pioneer Seed Catalogue of America, contains complete list of Vegetables, Flowers, Bulbs, Potatoes and Small Fruits, with descriptions and prices. Department of Specialties and all Worthy Novelties. Same shape and style as proved so satisfactory last year. Many new and elegant illustrations, handsome colored plate 8 inches, and four space. Special Cash Prizes $1000.00; see Floral Guide. Every person who owns a foot of land or cultivates a plant should have a copy. Mailed on receipt of 10 cents, which amount may be deducted from first order. Abridged Catalogue Free. Pure Stocks. Full Measure. Prices Low for Honest Goods.
JAMES VICK, SEEDSMAN, Rochester, N. Y.

50 CENTS
$25.00 Watch for $4.98
This watch has fine appearance, quick train 16 size, 7 jewels, accurately regulated and adjusted, full upper plate, dust proof, full jewelled, patent stem wind and set, hunting case, beveled bezel, snap back and front, handsomely engraved, and is a perfect timekeeper. The case is made of the best Rolled Plate, guaranteed to wear 20 years, and is equal in appearance to any gold watch case made. In order to introduce our catalogue into every home in Qu'Appelle [illegible] immediately we will send one of these watches free to every reader who will cut out this notice and send it to us with 50 cents in silver or stamps to pay for postage, packing, etc. Don't miss this chance. Address
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